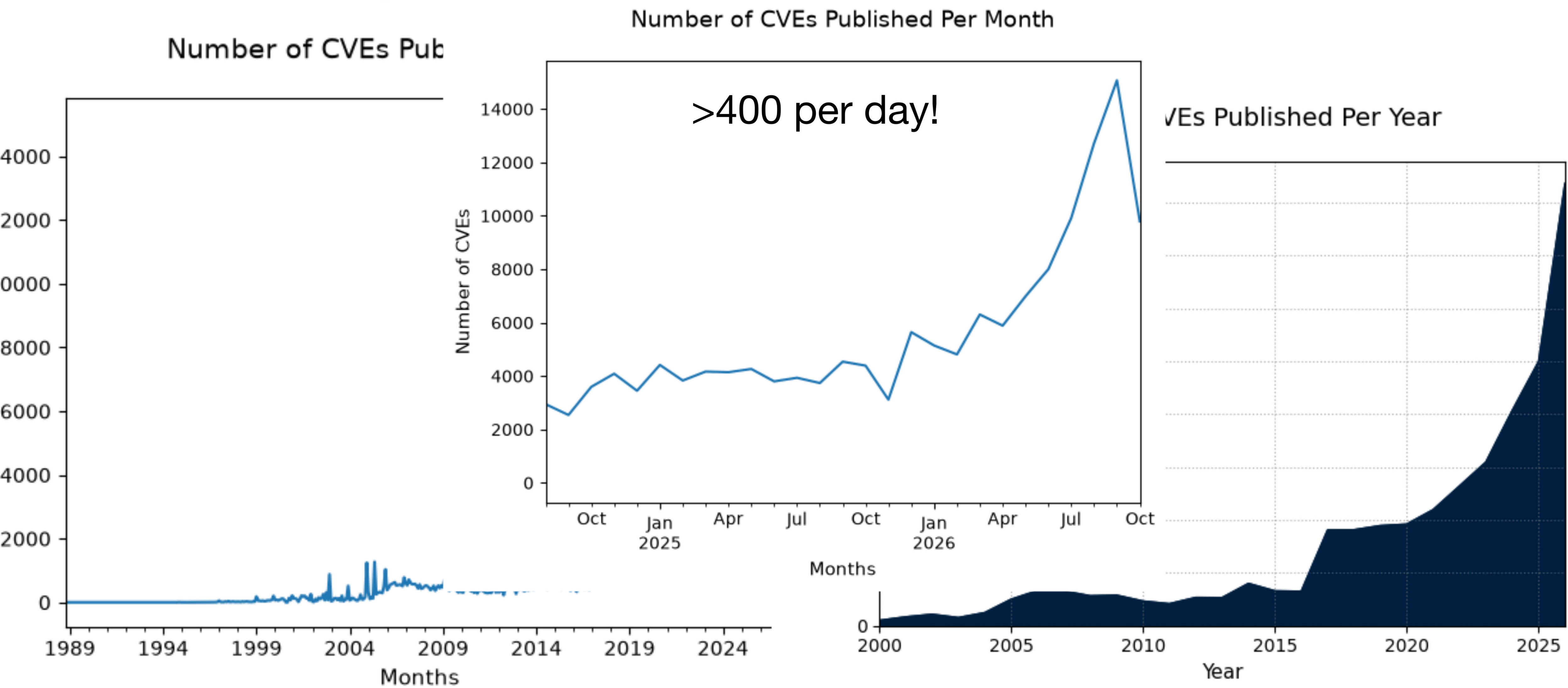


VULNERABILITY MANAGEMENT IN THE AGE OF AI

DR. JEROEN VAN DER HAM-DE VOS



Exploding CVEs







Who am I?

- Studied AI long before LLMs
 - Studied networking before deep-sea cable cutting
 - Now studying vulnerability management
-
- International expert on CVD
 - Contributed to CVSS
 - CNA Admin at [DIVD.nl](https://divd.nl)



UniFi CVSS 10.0 Flaw Exposes 100,000 End-Users to Unauthenticated Takeover

Prior UniFi OS chain is already under botnet attack; today adds unauthenticated

Cybercriminals Take Advantage of CVSS 10.0 Bricksforge Vulnerability in WordPress, Allowing Unauthenticated Remote Code Execution

Last updated on **October 14, 2026** by **Souvik Banerjee** on **WordPress, Programming**

Home » News » WordPress » Cybercriminals Take Advantage of CVSS 10.0 Bricksforge Vulnerability in WordPress, Allowing Unauthenticated Remote Code Execution

The Hacker News

Get the Latest News



GitLab Patches CVSS 10.0 Flaw That Could Let Unauthenticated Users Run Server Code

By Ravie Lakshmanan Oct 13, 2026

Vulnerability / DevSecOps

Runtime

Runtime: SAP's kernel has a CVSS 10-shaped hole in it. Buckle up.

+ OpenAI's "observability" headaches, and more.



By Edward Targett

Updated Sep 8, 2026 5:17 PM / Published Sep 8, 2026 2:56 PM · 5 min read

CVSS v4.0

Base Metric Group

Exploitability Metrics

Attack Vector

Attack Complexity

Attack Requirements

Privileges Required

User Interaction

Impact Metrics

Vulnerable System Confidentiality

Vulnerable System Integrity

Vulnerable System Availability

Subsequent System Confidentiality

Subsequent System Integrity

Subsequent System Availability

Threat Metric Group

Exploit Maturity

Environmental Metric Group

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Confidentiality Requirement

Integrity Requirement

Availability Requirement

Supplemental Metric Group

Automatable

Recovery

Safety

Value Density

Vulnerability Response Effort

Provider Urgency

ISS = $1 - [(1 - \text{Confidentiality}) \times (1 - \text{Integrity}) \times (1 - \text{Availability})]$



CVSS vs Risk – RTFM

2.2. CVSS Base Score (CVSS-B) Measures Severity, not Risk

The CVSS Specification Document has been updated to emphasize and clarify the fact that CVSS Base (CVSS-B) scores are designed to measure the severity of a vulnerability and should not be used alone to assess risk.

The CVSS v4.0 Specification Document clearly states that the CVSS Base Score represents only the intrinsic characteristics of a vulnerability and is independent of any factor associated with threat or the computing environment where the vulnerable system resides.

The CVSS Base Score should be supplemented with an analysis of the environment (Environmental Metrics), and with attributes that may change over time (Threat Metrics).

For an organization that employs automated methods to comprehensively utilize the Environmental and Threat metric groups, the resulting CVSS-BTE score can be considered much closer to “Risk”.

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America's Cyber Defense Agency

NATIONAL COORDINATOR FOR CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AND RESILIENCE

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Reducing the Significant Risk of Known Exploited Vulnerabilities



For the benefit of the cybersecurity community and network defenders—and to help every organization better manage vulnerabilities and keep pace with threat activity—CISA maintains the authoritative source of vulnerabilities that have been exploited in the wild: the [Known Exploited Vulnerability \(KEV\) catalog](#). CISA strongly recommends all organizations review and monitor the KEV catalog and prioritize remediation of the listed vulnerabilities to reduce the likelihood of compromise by known threat actors.



America's Cyber Defense Agency

NATIONAL COORDINATOR FOR CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AND RESILIENCE

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[Home](#) / [Known Exploited Vulnerabilities Catalog](#)

Search all Known
Exploited Vulnerabilities
Catalog

Known Exploited

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 results
ZAMMAD GMBH | ZAMMAD



[CVE-2026-1](#)

Zam

...Zammad contains an improper
...ate privileges to root. This vulnerability can be

NIET LULLEN MAAR PATCHEN
FAMOUS LAST WORDS - DIVD SEPT '26

...ns? **Unknown**
...-04: **Yes**

- **Date Added:** 2026-10-02
- **Due Date:** 2026-10-05

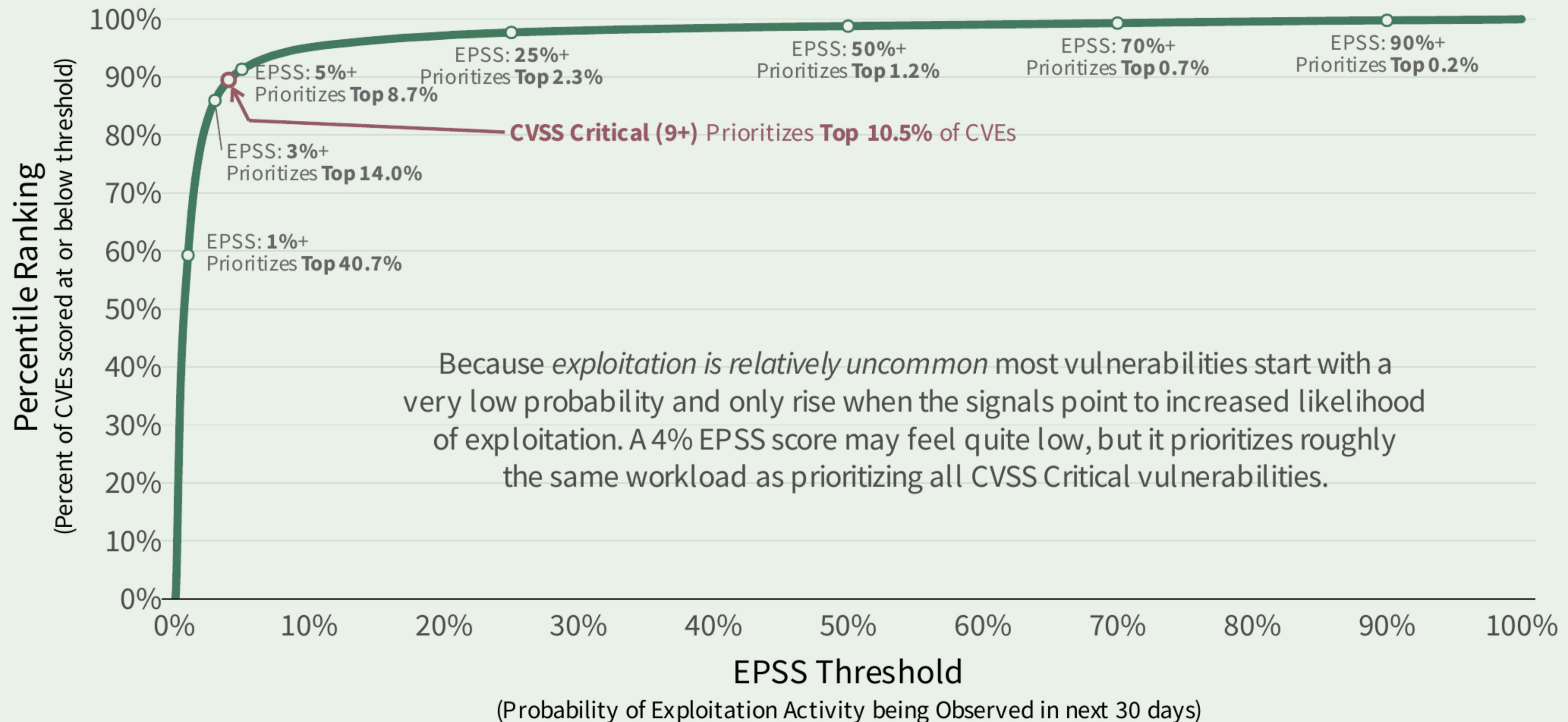
...in accordance with vendor instructions, ensuring compliance with CISA's BOD 26-04 Prioritizing
...Based on Risk (see URL in Notes) guidance and CISA's "Forensics Triage Requirements" (see URL in Notes).
...applicable BOD 26-04 guidance for cloud services or discontinue use of the product if mitigations are unavailable.
...akeholders are responsible for evaluating each asset's internet exposure and ensuring adherence to BOD 26-04 patching
guidelines.

[Additional Notes +](#)

Exploit Prediction Scoring System (EPSS)

Small Probabilities Can Signal Critical Priorities

EPSS Scores are not intuitively distributed across the 0-100% range. Exploitation is relatively uncommon, causing the majority of vulnerabilities to receive very low EPSS scores (probabilities). Each highlighted point shows how much of the CVE population falls at or below a given score. Even a seemingly small 1% threshold already excludes more than 60% of CVEs and prioritizes the remaining top 41%.



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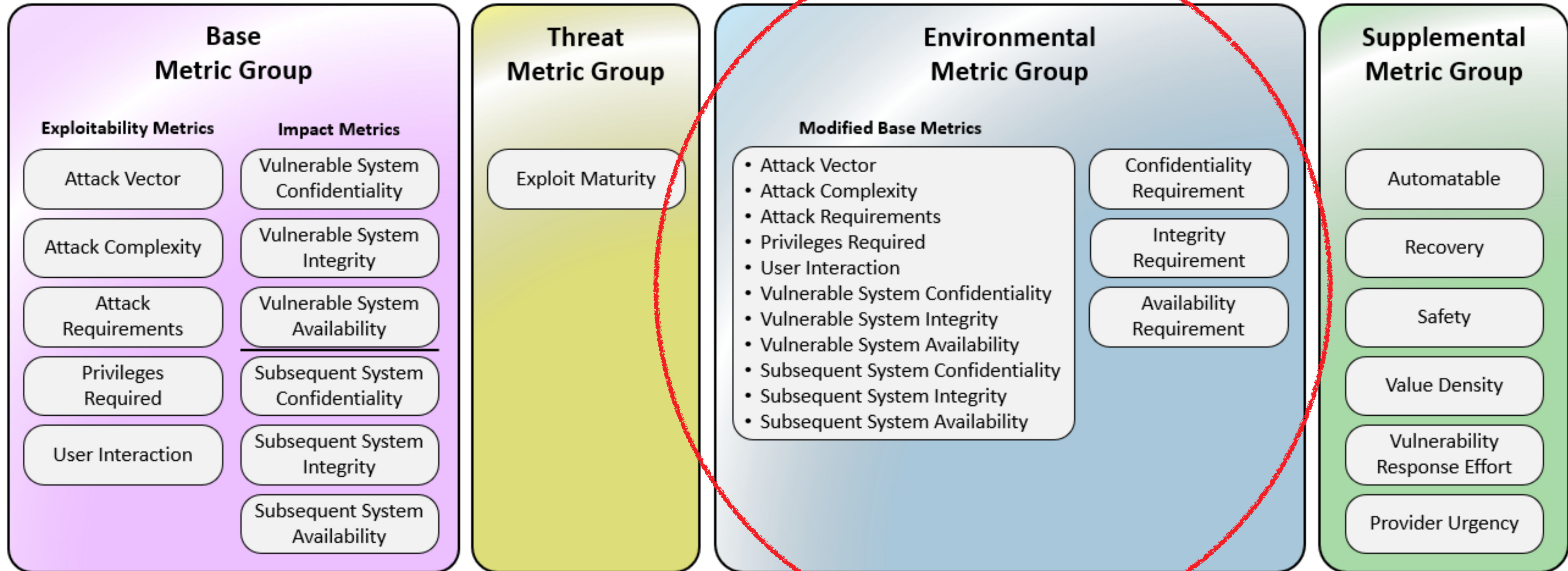
Safety

Value Density

Vulnerability Response Effort

Provider Urgency

CVSS v4.0



⋮

1 to 10 of 100

Page 1 of 10

Count

⋮

Fedora	Ubuntu	Slackware
Debian	Mandrake	Mac OS X
CentOS	openSUSE	Microsoft

Last Updated: 16 minutes ago

⋮

Chrome	9	Microsoft Edge	0
Firefox	2	Safari	0
Internet Explorer	23	Opera	0

Last Updated: 1 minute ago

Asset Manager 2008 - Enterprise Edition

Adobe Acrobat
Adobe Photoshop
MS Office
MS Office 365
MS Office for Mac

[illegible]

Page 1 of 6 > >>

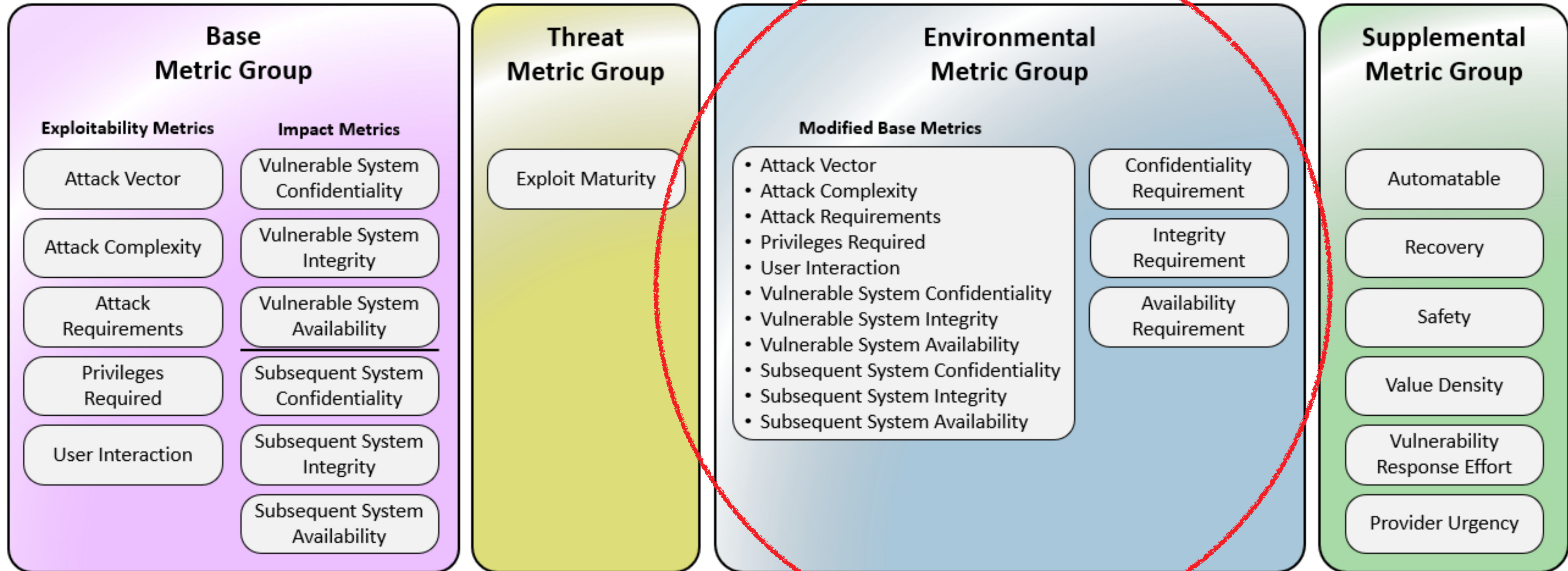
Total

229

24

11

CVSS v4.0



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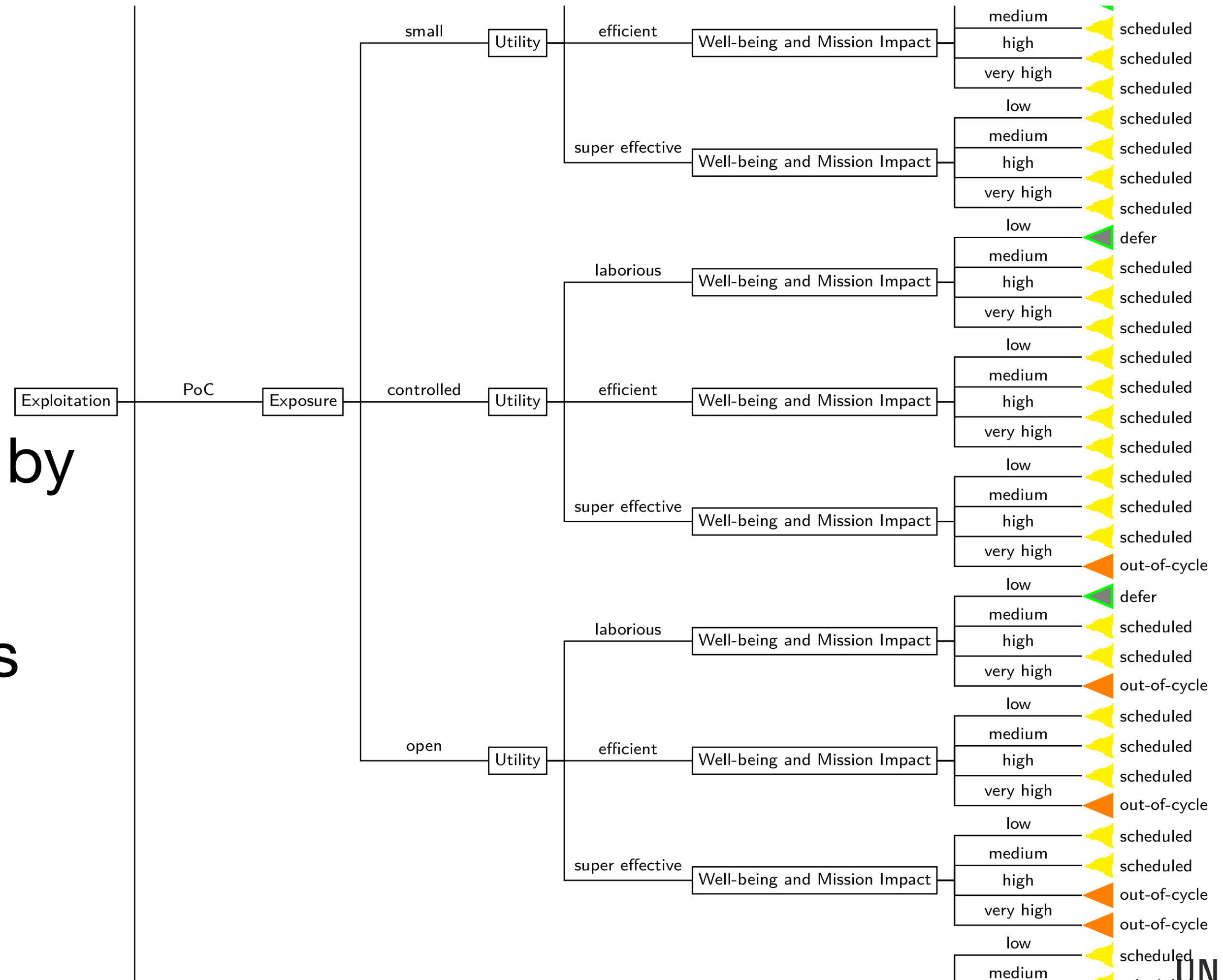
Value Density

Vulnerability Response Effort

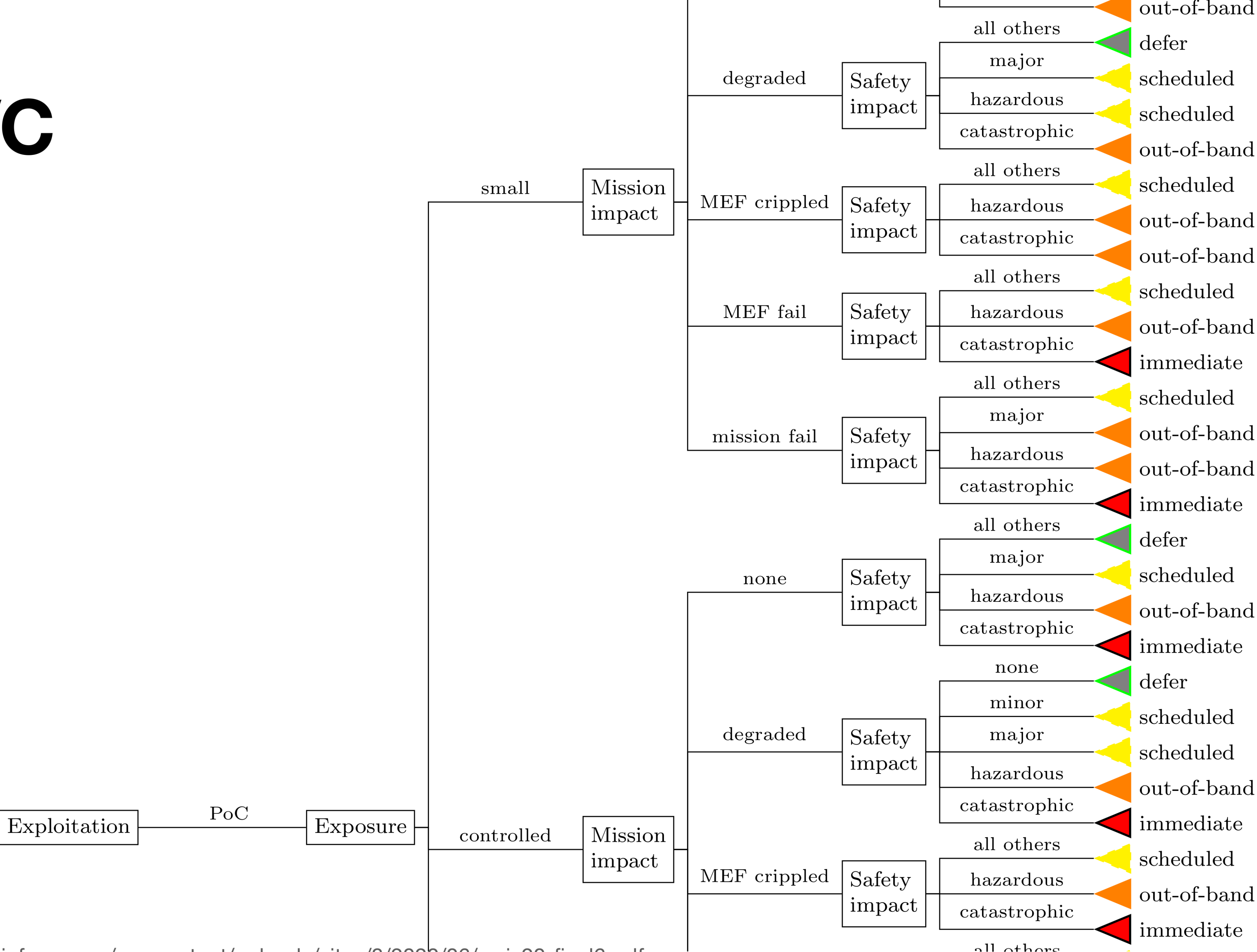
Provider Urgency

SSVC - Decision Trees

- Simple decision trees
- Result is an action
- Outcome on the right is defined by risk-appetite
 - Easily tunable to organisations
- Provides a simple audit trail for decisions



SSVC



Possible Decision Points in the Tree

Technical properties *Same for everyone*

- Exploitation (None, PoC, Active)
- Technical Impact (partial, total)
- Utility for Attacker
(laborious, efficient, supereffective)
 - Automatable
 - Value Density

Contextual properties *Different for everyone*

- WellBeing and Mission Impact
(low, medium, high, very-high)
 - Safety Impact
 - Mission Impact
- System Exposure (small, controlled, open)

Possible Decision Points in the Tree

Technical properties *Same for everyone*

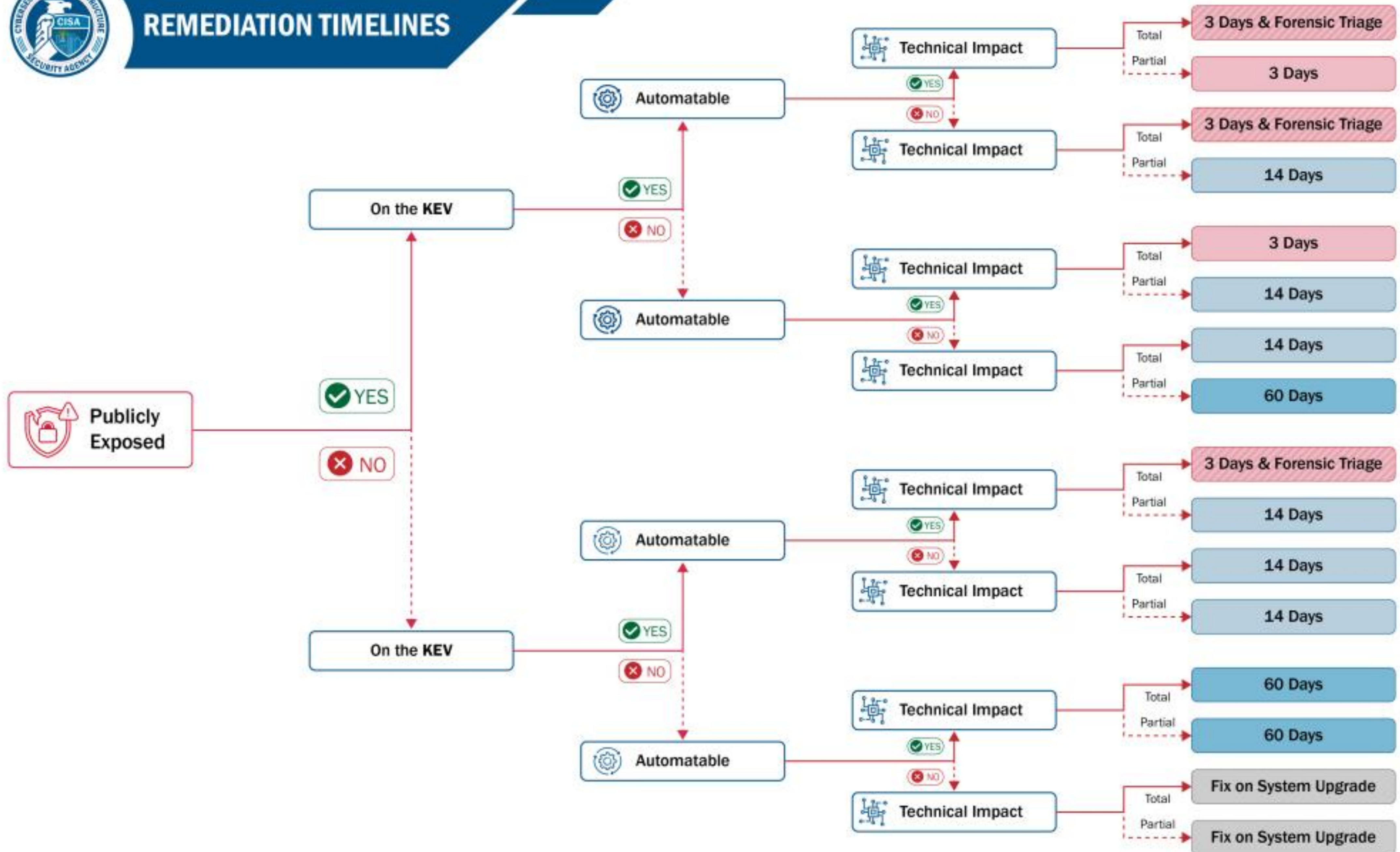
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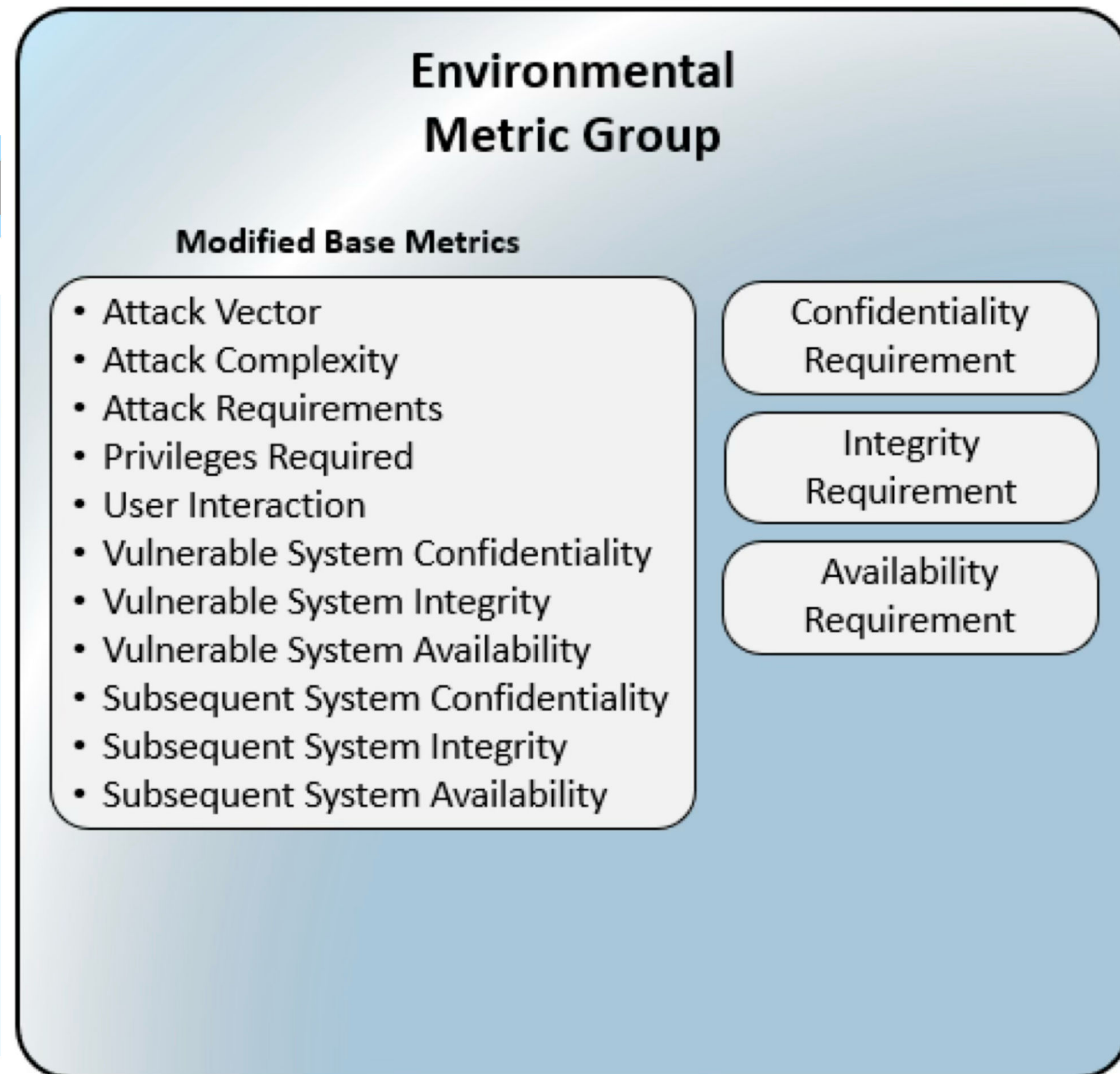
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REMEDIATION TIMELINES



Vulnerability Decision Points



Business Perspective

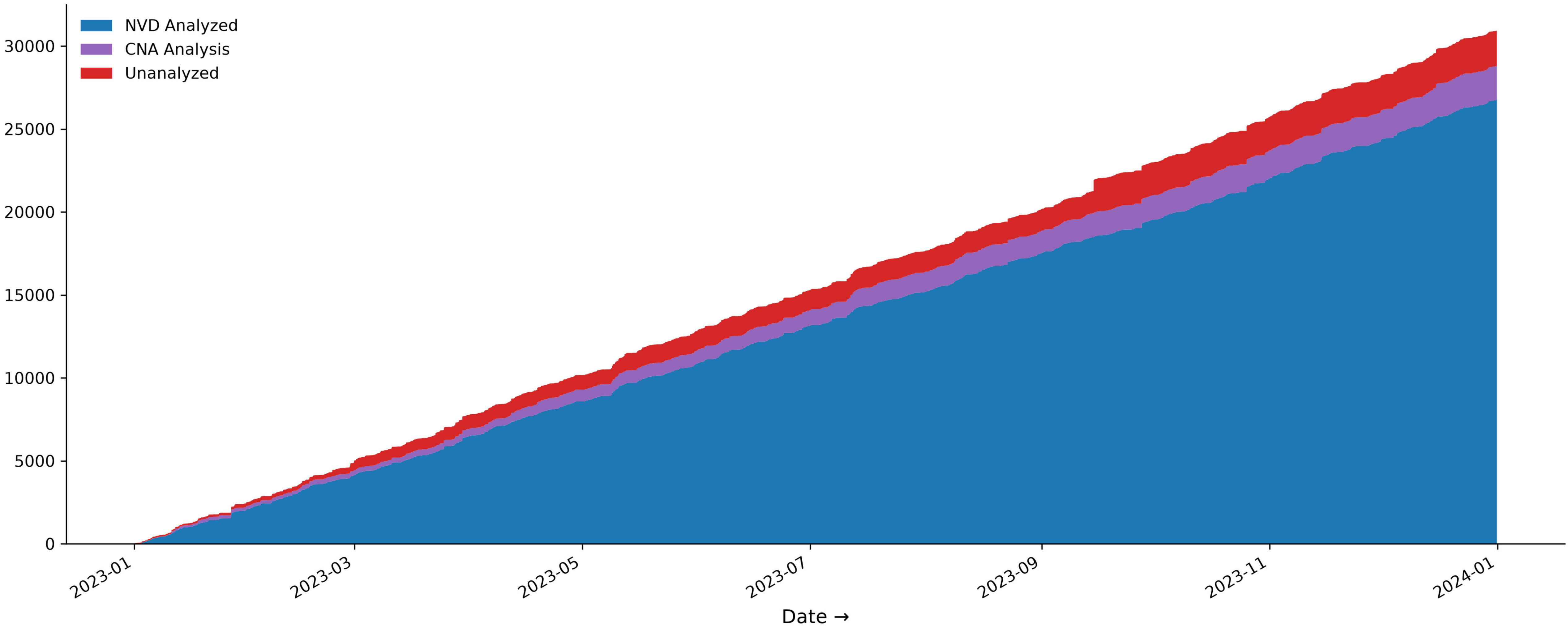
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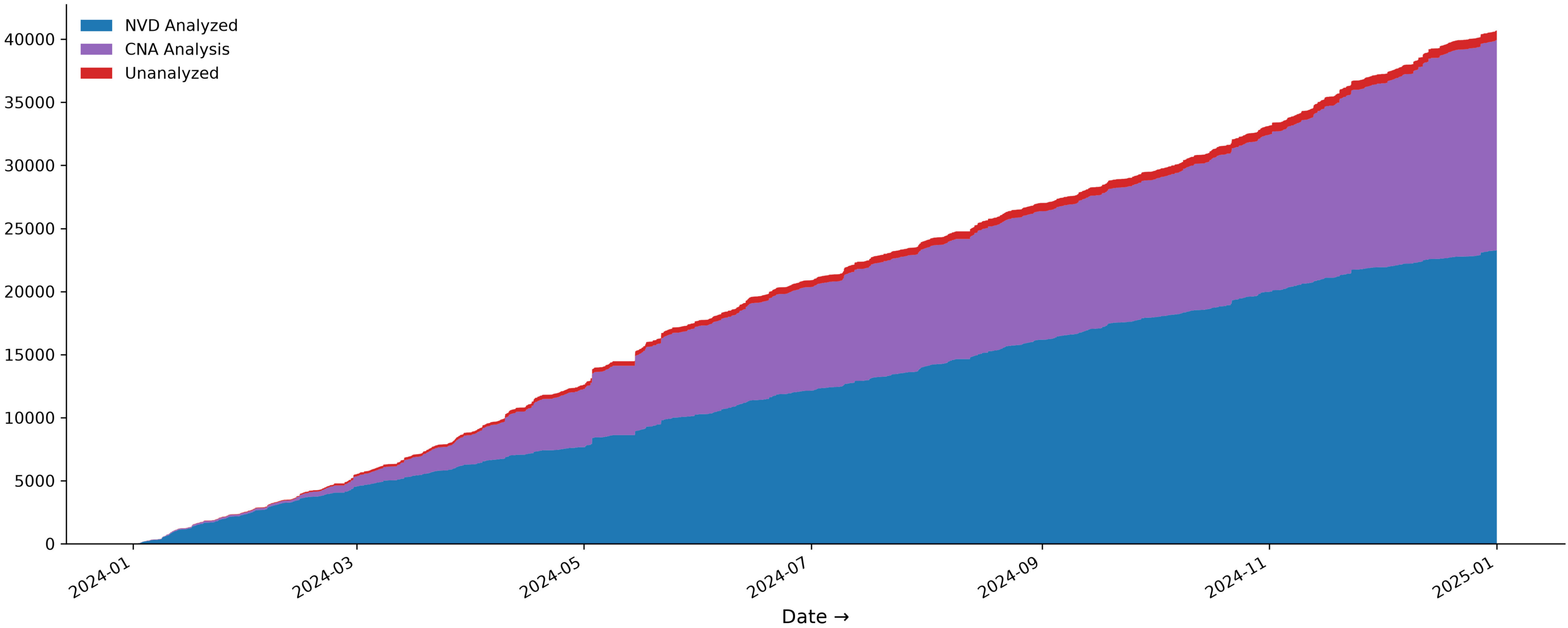
Final thoughts

- More data is not more better
- Especially when the source of that data has changed

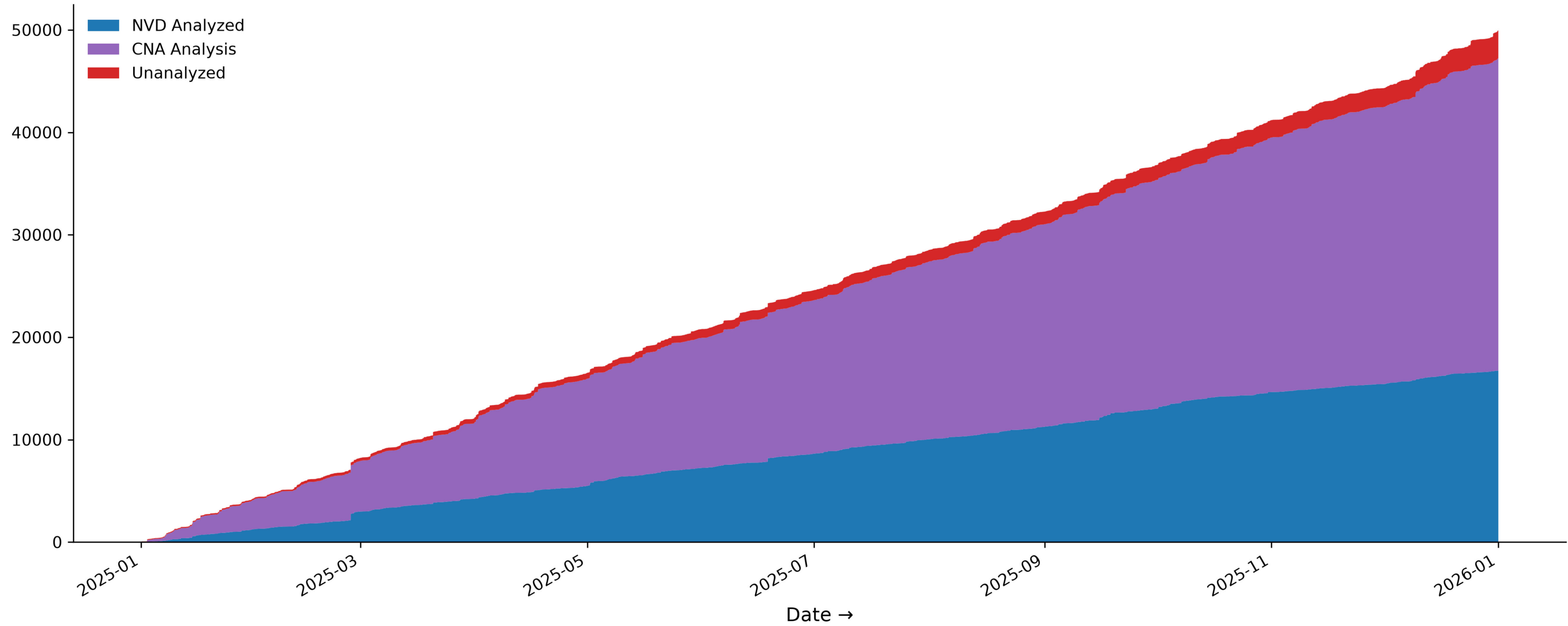
Number of CVEs added to NVD in 2023 ↑



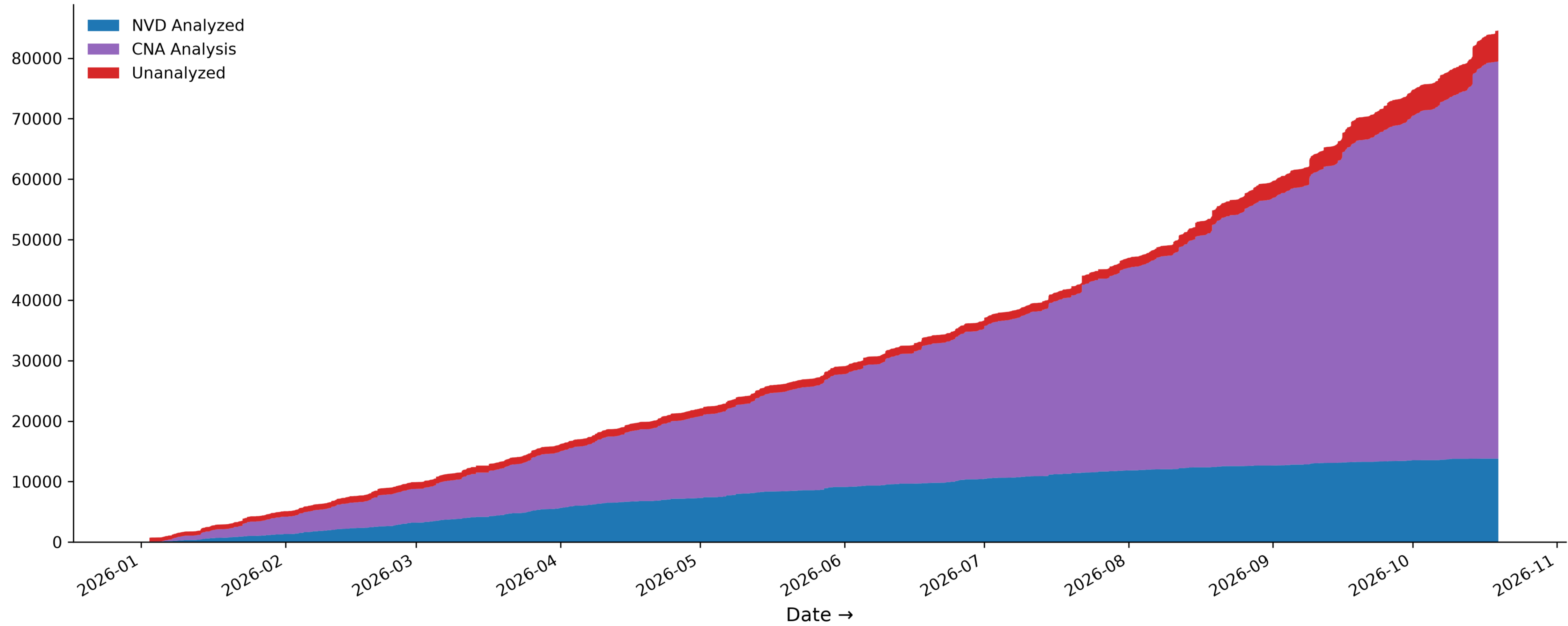
Number of CVEs added to NVD in 2024 ↑



Number of CVEs added to NVD in 2025 ↑



Number of CVEs added to NVD in 2026 ↑



Final thoughts

- More data is not more better
- Especially when the source of that data has changed (!)
- Vulnerability Management must explicitly include business context
- Doing that will actually make it more efficient!

